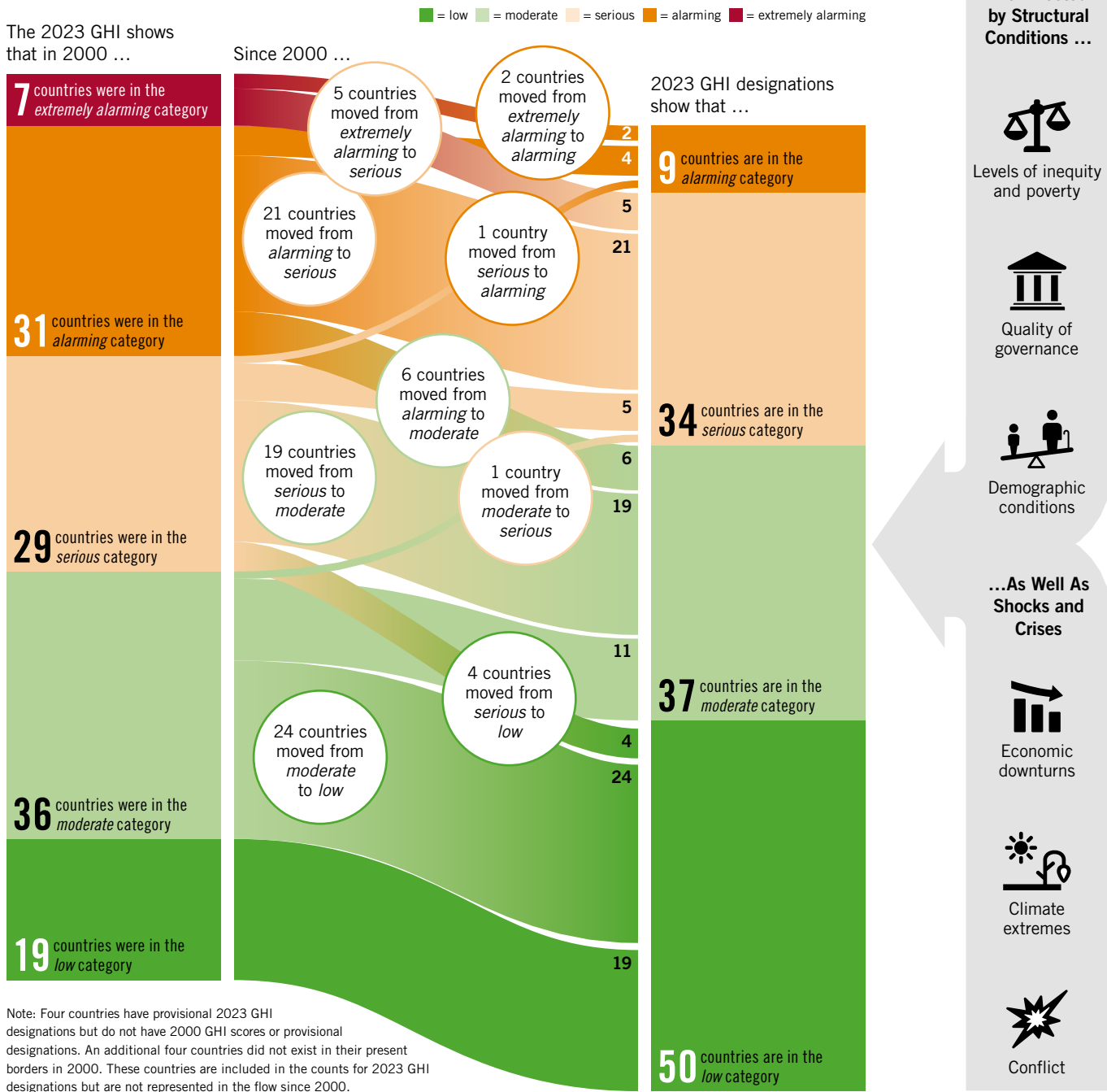


FIGURE 1.2 HUNGER SINCE 2000: A STORY OF PROGRESS AND STAGNATION

The World Has Made Progress in Reducing Hunger since 2000, but Hunger Is Still *Serious* or *Alarming* in 43 Countries



Since 2015, Progress Against Hunger Has Stagnated

The 2023 GHI score for the world is 18.3, considered *moderate*—less than one point below the world’s 2015 GHI score of 19.1.

In **14** countries with *moderate, serious, or alarming* 2023 GHI scores, progress has largely stalled—their 2023 GHI scores declined by less than 5 percent from their 2015 GHI scores.

In **18** countries with *moderate, serious, or alarming* 2023 GHI scores, hunger has increased since 2015.

The world pledged to achieve zero hunger by 2030, but with the current trajectory,

**2** ZERO HUNGER **58** countries will not reach *low* hunger—much less zero hunger—by 2030.

Where Progress Has Been Notable

Despite the challenges facing the world and the stagnation in hunger levels at the global level in recent years, some countries—including **Bangladesh, Chad, Djibouti, Lao PDR, Mozambique, Nepal,** and **Timor-Leste**—have shown remarkable progress since 2015.

Note: Details on the GHI scores and categories for individual countries, as well as their changes over time, appear in Table 1.1 and Appendix C.